**THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA**  
**THE PRESIDENT’S OFFICE**  
**REGIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT**  
**MWANGA SECONDARY SCHOOLS EXAMINATIONS SYNDICATE (MWASSES)**  
**FORM FOUR PRE-NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS 2020**

**CODE: 012**  
**TIME 3:00 HOURS**  
Thursday 1st Oct, 2020 P.M

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**INSTRUCTIONS**

1) This paper consists of section A, B and C with the total of nine (09) questions
2) Answer all questions in section A and B and only three (3) questions from section C
3) All necessary working and answer for each question must be shown clearly
4) Cellular phones and any unauthorized materials are not allowed in the examination room
5) Write your Examination number (index number) on every page of your answers booklets provided

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**SECTION A [20 Marks]**

**Answer all questions in this sections**

1. For each of the following items (i – xv), choose the correct answer from among the given alternatives and write its letter besides the item number in the answer sheet provided.
   
i. The two forms of Oral Traditions are __________ and __________
   
   A. Cultural practices and Oral traditions  
   B. Continuity and Educations  
   C. Songs and proverbs  
   D. Cultural practices and Education  
   E. Narrations of past Events and Cultural practices

   ii. Which of the following best explains the Old Stone Age?
      
      A. Man made industrial machines  
      B. Man established social institutions  
      C. Man ate cooked food  
      D. Man made tools like hand axes  
      E. Man domesticated crops and animals

   iii. The following are functions of clan heads except
        
        A. Allocating land for Agriculture  
        B. Choosing spouses for the young men  
        C. Settling conflicts  
        D. Presiding over religious ceremonies  
        E. Ruling a number of villages

   iv. The Maseko Ngoni group in Tanganyika settled in
       
       A. Morogoro  
       B. Kahama  
       C. Songea  
       D. Iringa  
       E. Tabora
v. Which one of the following represents exploitative modes of production in pre-colonial Africa?
   A. Capitalism and slavery
   B. Slavery and communalism
   C. Slavery and feudalism
   D. Socialism and feudalism
   E. Capitalism and socialism

vi. During the contact between East Africa, middle East and Far East, Arabs and Chinese used sea vessels called _____________
   A. Ships and Boats
   B. Submarines and canoes
   C. Dhow and Junk
   D. Camels and horses
   E. Ships and camels

vii. During industrial capitalism _____________ began to be used for production in the industries
   A. Slaves
   B. Machines
   C. Machinery
   D. Goods
   E. Tractors

viii. Mungo park was an explorer in
   A. Tanganyika
   B. Central Africa
   C. East Africa
   D. West Africa
   E. South Africa

ix. Africans demonstrated different forms of reactions toward the imposition of colonial rule such as active resistance and passive resistance. What is the example of the societies which demonstrated passive resistance?
   A. Nama and Herero
   B. Shona and Ndebele
   C. Nandi resistance
   D. Pogoro of Tanzania
   E. Majimaji of Tanganyika

x. Colonialism was established through:
   A. Waylaying and bogus treaties
   B. Violence and coercion
   C. Post – colonial political changes
   D. Piracy and plundering
   E. Revolution and violence

xi. An Africa chief who led the Mandika to resist French in West Africa
   A. Chief Mkwavinyika
   B. Chief Labengula
   C. Chief Marealle
   D. Chief Samori Tuore
   E. Jaja of Opobo
xii. The Berlin Conference of 1884 – 1885 had the following resolutions except:
   A. Participants agreed that major river basins would be free for all to trade in
   B. Agreement was reached that all European powers would stop the slave trade in their spheres in Africa
   C. All colonizing powers were required to establish effective control over their claimed territories
   D. The participating powers agreed to settle any subsequent conflict through bilateral agreements between the respecting powers
   E. The map of colonial Africa was completed never to be touched again before independence

xiii. Among the following was the Immediate of the first World War
   A. The need for revenge among the European powers
   B. The assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand
   C. The rise of Dictatorship regime
   D. The rise of Nationalism in the Balkan states
   E. Arms race and growing militarism

xiv. One of the major problems that hindered the attainment of unity in Uganda immediately after independence was
   A. Religious conflicts
   B. Dictatorship of Idd Amin
   C. Civil wars
   D. Racial segregation
   E. Tribalism

xv. The current General secretary of United Nations is
   A. Ban Ki – Moon
   B. Kofi Annan
   C. Dr. Salim Ahmed Salim
   D. Antonio Guterres
   E. Boutros Boutros – Ghali

2. Match each item in Column A with those in Column B to make the meaningful sentences by writing the letter of the correct response below the corresponding item in the table provided.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COLUMN A</th>
<th>COLUMN B</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>i. Trans Saharan</td>
<td>A. A person who formed a royal Niger Company which operated in West Africa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>ii. Boer – expansion</td>
<td>B. The first British Governor in Nigeria</td>
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<tr>
<td>iii. Direct rule</td>
<td>C. Wealth accumulated in terms of precious metals such as Gold and Silver</td>
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<tr>
<td>iv. George Goldie</td>
<td>D. Trade exchange which didn’t involve money</td>
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<tr>
<td>v. Bullionism</td>
<td>E. Trading activities across the Sahara Desert</td>
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<td></td>
<td>F. Resulted to the Ngoni Migration</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>G. Was the movement of Boers from the Cape North wards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>H. It was applied by Germans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I. Colonial Administrative system where by African traditional leadus were involved</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION B (35 Marks)

Answer all questions in this section

3. i/ Why African communities will never forget first World War
   ii/ Why was collaboration inevitable?
   iii/ How can you prove that colonial Education destroyed African culture
   iv/ Age set organization
   v/ African societies were stateless before 19th C
   vi/ Mfecane War

4. arrange the following historical events in chronological order by writing number 1 to 6 beside the item number in the answer booklet provided:

   i. The league of Nations did not take any action when Japanese attacked Manchuria
   ii. The United nations organization emerged as the successor to the league of nations
   iii. One of the treaties signed by the central powers was the Versailles Treaty of 1919
   iv. Adolf Hitler an Benito Mussolini used the effects of the Great Depression as a chance to enter into power and promised people to revive the Germany and Haly’s economy respectively
   v. Japanese attack on pearl Harbour forced the United states of Amerca to participate in the second World War
   vi. The assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand immediately caused the emergence of military conflicts among the European powers

5. Draw the sketch map of Africa and located by using roman Numbers
   i. Sub-Saharan African country that was never colonized
   ii. An East African country in which peasant cash crop production predominated
   iii. The biggest Belgium Colony in Africa
   iv. The country in which the Africa Waged resistance against the French for 16 years
   v. A country form which the skull of early man was discovered by Dr. Lovis Leakey

SECTION C (45 Marks)

Answer three (3) questions form this section.

6. How was the use of migrant labour profitable to the capitalist during the colonial period? Limit your response to six 6 points

7. Elaborate six characteristics of the primitive communal mode of production in Africa

8. The First World War did not come as Thuruderstorm but from clean environment. Discuss this statement by giving six points

9. Examine six contributions of welfare association to the rise of Nationalism in Africa.